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INNOVATION AS AN ECOSYSTEM

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- Background and Motivation.
- Overview of XE492 Disruptive Innovations course.
- Disruptive innovations background, definitions and examples.
- The importance of the human dimension in technology development.
- The importance of organizational structure and culture to innovation.
- Examples of individual product innovations and the move to open innovation and an innovation ecosystem.
- Summary and observations.



- Different types of innovation are prevalent in the literature from sustaining and disruptive[†] to core, adjacent and transformational[‡]. I will discuss innovation broadly and where appropriate, focus on specific types.
- Desired outcome is for you to think more broadly about the dimensions of innovation – *technological* – *social* – *political* – *religious* – *cultural*.
- Rest assured I don't have all the answers! My goal is to stimulate broader thinking about innovation, the organizational and cultural aspects that encourage innovation and the importance of an innovation ecosystem.
- Taken in totality, innovation must be considered as an ecosystem to be effective.



Disruption & Innovation

- CONTEXT OF INNOVATION IS MUCH BROADER THAN TECHNOLOGY.
 - "Innovation" is currently oversubscribed.
 - Many, many, many articles and books in the literature.
 - Most consider from a pure technology or business perspective.
 - Technology is clearly at the core.
 - Business practices are important.
 - Delivery of a product to market is essential.
 - Human dimension is critical for adoption.
 - Social, political, and religious influences.
 - History is replete with examples of innovations that were not adopted because of social and religious influences.











Evolution of Innovation

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Interdisciplinary collaboration in the market and across the globe

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Disruptive Innovation

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SOURCE FACTIVA ANALYSIS OF A WIDE VARIETY OF ENGLISH-LANGUAGE PUBLICATIONS

The rate of disruption is accelerating and established industry leaders are failing and disappearing faster than ever. The average lifespan of a Fortune 500 company is in rapid decline:

- 61 years in 1958
- 25 years in 1980
- 18 years in 2011.

Some predictions call for it to drop to 6 years by 2020.



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Innovation is the engine for economic growth. The importance of innovation in corporations is well known. The literature is replete with the consequences of not understanding or embracing disruptive innovations: *Blackberry, Nokia, Blockbuster, Borders, Kodak*, and others - companies that missed opportunities to leapfrog to the next big thing. Compare these to powerhouse innovators like *General Electric, Proctor & Gamble, Google* and others have built innovation into their very DNA.

Additionally, numerous governments across the globe have developed innovation strategies and are investing aggressively to fuel the economic engine of their economies. More than 50 countries around the world have national innovation strategies, chief innovation officers and budgets:

Ireland: Innovation 2020

Australia: The Global Innovation Strategy United Arab Emirates: The National Strategy for Innovation Bulgaria: Innovation Strategy of the Republic of Bulgaria Israel: Israel Innovation Initiative (i3) United States: Strategy for American Innovation Chile: Imagina Chile (imagine Chile)





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XE492 – Disruptive Innovations

OVARO BURINERS SCHOOL PRES

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UPPER-DIVISION INTERDISCIPLINARY COURSE

- Encourages disciplinary diversity

COURSE CONSTRUCT

- Four course texts
 - The Innovator's Dilemma, Clayton M. Christensen
 - The Structure of Scientific Revolutions, Thomas S. Kuhn
 - The Discoverers, Daniel J. Boorstin
 - The Two Cultures, C. P. Snow
- Continuous survey of commercial technology horizon
- Class meetings focused on
 - Discussion of text readings
 - Discussion of commercial technologies
- Interviews with forward thinking technologists









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The Innovator's Dilemma

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THE INNOVATOR'S DILEMMA

- Clayton M. Christensen Harvard Business School
- 1995 Article "Disrupting Technologies: Catching the Wave"
- Introduced the term "disruptive technology"
 - Innovations that improve a product or service in ways that the market does not expect, typically by being lower priced or designed for a different set of consumers











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The Innovator's Dilemma



OnPoint Staying close to your hnologies: customers usually reaps Vave competitive advantages. But sometimes it can make your company obsolete. When it comes to discovering the Next Big Thing, your best customers may be giving you the worst advice.



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- "One of the most consistent patterns in business is the failure of leading companies to stay at the top of their industries when technologies or markets change."
- "Why is it that companies like these invest aggressively and successfully – in the technologies necessary to retain their current customers but then fail to make certain other technological investments that customers of the future will demand? Undoubtedly, bureaucracy, arrogance, tired executive blood, poor planning, and short-term investment horizons have all played a role. But a more fundamental reason lies at the heart of the paradox: leading companies succumb to one of the most popular, and valuable, management dogmas. <u>They stay close to their customers</u>."

"If I had asked people what they wanted, they would have said faster horses." Henry Ford



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Sustaining technologies – tend to maintain a rate of improvement; that is, they give customers something more or better in the attributes they already value.

Disruptive technologies – introduce a very *different value proposition*, generally underperform established products in mainstream markets, but have other features that niche market customers value. They are typically cheaper, simpler, smaller, and frequently more convenient to use.

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- High-Density Disk Drives Digital Photography Catalog Retailing
- Midwives \rightarrow
- Distance Learning
- Digital Textbooks \rightarrow

- Portable Disk Drives Traditional Photography
- Clothing Sales Stores
- → Clothing Sales Stores
 - Maternity Doctors
- → Traditional Campus-Based Education
 - Traditional Hardcopy Textbooks



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- 1. Initially underperforms the dominant one along the dimensions mainstream customers in major markets have historically valued.
- Has other features a few fringe (and generally new) customers value. Products based on disruptive technologies are typically (1) cheaper, (2) simpler, (3) smaller, or (4) more convenient than those established on the dominant technology.
- 3. Profitable customers generally do not want and initially cannot use products based on disruptive technologies. So disruptive technologies are first commercialized in emerging or niche markets. Incumbents conclude that investing in disruptive technologies is not a rational financial decision for them.
- 4. The new disruptive technology steadily improves in performance until it meets the standards of performance demanded by the mainstream market.
- 5. At that point, the disruptive technology displaces the dominant one and the new entrant displaces the dominant incumbent(s) in the mainstream market.



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THE STRUCTURE OF SCIENTIFIC REVOLUTIONS

- Thomas S. Kuhn U.C. Berkeley Philosophy & History
- Science does not progress in a linear accumulation of knowledge but undergoes periodic revolutions – paradigm shifts
 - Prescience lacks a central paradigm
 - Normal science puzzle-solving failure of results to conform crisis
 - Revolutionary science
- Small and large scientific revolutions



- Introduces the concept that scientific knowledge is dependent on the culture and historical circumstances of groups of scientists rather than on their adherence to a specific, definable method
- Depicts science as a human process mistake-prone, competitive, argumentative, with personalities and propensities of the researchers themselves playing a significant role in the rate, if not the end results, of progress



The Structure of Scientific Revolutions probably represents some the best thinking on how transformation occurs, who drives it, why it is resisted, and what it really asks of people.



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THE DISCOVERERS

- Daniel J. Boorstin American historian, professor, attorney, and writer. He was appointed twelfth Librarian of the United States Congress from 1975 until 1987
- The history of human discovery
 - Chronicles several inventions the clock, the compass, the telescope and microscope, the printing press and movable type
 - Why didn't the Chinese "discover" Europe or America? ٠
- Traces inventions and their acceptance or rejection based on culture, society, religion





During the period when Prince Henry the Navigator was just beginning to explore the West coast of Africa, the Chinese had already built massive flotillas consisting of as many as 317 ships and had advanced the state-of-the-art of shipbuilding well beyond that elsewhere in the world. Bulkheads which divided the ship's hold into compartments to prevent flooding and fires and were first integrated by the Chinese are believed to have been inspired by the septa, the transverse membranes in bamboo.

"The Chinese had long since developed their own version of the *oikoumeme*, the habitable world, which put them at the center. They were their own Jerusalem. Since the Ming emperors were the Sons of Heaven, they were by definition supreme rulers and superiors of all other people on earth."

While the Chinese developed the technological innovations necessary to position them as a seafaring nation, capable of exploration and expansion, their culture and beliefs prevented adoption and further development.



The Two Cultures

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THE TWO CULTURES

- Charles Percy Snow C. P. Snow an English physicist and novelist
- 1956 article
 - "The Two Cultures"
- 1959 Cambridge University Rede Lecture
 - "The Two Cultures and the Scientific Revolution"
- Claim about academic disciplines
 - Split between the arts and humanities and the sciences
 - Questions educational structure, social attitudes, and government policy-making



"the intellectual life of the whole of western society is increasingly being split into two polar groups, ... "Literary intellectuals at one pole – at the other scientists. Between the two a gulf of mutual incomprehension – sometimes (particularly among the young) hostility and dislike, but most of all lack of understanding"

Snow argues that practitioners from the sciences and the humanities should build bridges to further the progress of human knowledge and to benefit society.





Organizational Structure

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Dedicated Entity

Incubator

Accelerator

Cross-functional collaboration

Scrum – Agile Software Development

Delegation of Decisions to Innovation Teams Integration of R&D into the Business Units Co-Location of Teams and Departments Central Innovation Teams Central Innovation Funds External Interface for Open Innovation Merger & Acquisition Department

- Bell Labs: deliberately laid-out to promote unexpected interactions. The corridors were long and designed to promote random meetings.
- MIT Building 20: horizontal layout spurred interactions amongst widely diverse disciplines.
- **Pixar:** building arranged around a central atrium, so that Pixar's diverse staff of artists, writers, and computer scientists would run into each other more often.

Innovative Organizational Structures Facilitate Collaboration



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An Environment of Trust – Reciprocal Trust. There is risk involved in innovation. Highly creative ideas often initially sound stupid.

Empower People – people are given ownership and the ability to act

- Argue Passionately argue about ideas and concepts, but don't make it personal.
- Innovation is a Team Sport One key aspect of a culture that nurtures innovation is collaboration: across departments and teams, and up and down the organization – and this collaboration flows from trust.

Apple uses the entire company as a new-idea generator; Google encourages employees to spend 20% of their time working on their own ideas; 3M sets the goal of earning 30% of its revenues from products introduced in the past five years.

Identifying Problems – sales and support teams engage customers on a daily basis and have tremendous insights for developers on user needs



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History of Disruptions

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Disruptive Technologies that Fundamentally Changed the Planet





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MOVABLE TYPE PRINTING PRESS

- Johannes Gutenberg in 1440
- Revolutionized creation and distribution of information
- Expanded existing technology to create movable type printing
- Used existing technology wine press technology used to print

LINUX OPERATING SYSTEM

- When introduced was inferior in performance (underperformed) to other server operating systems like Unix and Windows NT
- New performance measure: Inexpensive and Open Source
- Linux now installed in 87.8% of the world's 500 fastest supercomputers

NETFLIX

- Business model in 1998 was DVD-by-mail rentals 2007 switched to streaming, on-demand
- Initial service not appealing to Blockbuster customers who wanted instant gratification when choosing movies
- Blockbuster bankrupt in 2010



It's not just about the invention – but adoption … and the 2nd- and 3rd-order effects. The automobile was important, not because it ended travel by horse but because it created suburbs, gas stations and shopping malls







High-Performance Computing

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DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING

- Fastest Virtual Supercomputers
 - BOINC 1.3 PFLOPS as of February 9, 2009
 - Folding@Home 8.7 PFLOPS, as of March 24, 2009

CLUSTER COMPUTING

- Fastest Commercial Supercomputer
 - Los Alamos National Lab's "Roadrunner" 1.0 PFLOP
- PS3 cluster
 - Single-chip multiprocessor
 - 9 processors
 - 1 PowerPC
 - 8 vector processors



GPU COMPUTING

- Graphical Processing Unit
- Tesla 240 cores
- Fermi 512 cores









Software Defined Radio

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POTENTIAL TO GREATLY HELP SOCIETY

- Inter-agency communication during disasters
- Multi-protocol translation
- Cross-frequency communication

COLLABORATION

- Freely accessible means more eyes on development
- Diversity breeds innovation
- "Crowd sourced" patches and add-ons

HACKRF BY GREAT SCOTT GADGETS

- Open project [both hardware and software]
- SDR implementation for \$300 + Laptop and Antenna
- Free to modify





USB-powered software radio transceiver peripheral; operates from 30 MHz to 6 GHz.



Open Software Defined Radio

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POTENTIALLY DARK SIDE AS WELL

- Monitoring
- Injection
- Encryption

NICHE MARKET

- Hackers
- Criminal Elements
- Military
- Emergency Personnel

Accessibility:

criminal networks \rightarrow insurgent groups \rightarrow potential terrorists





Ubertooth One: open source 2.4 GHz wireless development platform suitable for Bluetooth experimentation





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START-UP NATION

 Israel, a 60-year-old nation with a population of 7.1 million, was able to reach such economic growth that "at the start of 2009, some 63 Israeli companies were listed on the NASDAQ, more than those of any other foreign country."



- World's largest community-based traffic and navigation app.
- Recently purchased by Google for \$1.3B.

WATERGEN

WA7F

- Water vapor in the air is turned into potable drinking water.

watergen





- Robotics platforms built from the ground up with the end user and application in mind.

Like Silicon Valley, Boston and other successful innovation and startup hubs, Israel as a nation provides an *ecosystem* of social networks, compulsory military service, a culture of critique and an open immigration policy that all foster a business climate in which risk is embraced and good ideas are given a chance to grow.





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NTUIT

- Intuit created business software for the masses.
- 1983 Quicken and TurboTax then QuickBooks for the needs of small business.
- Key was to watch customers use the product rather than listening to what they or experts said they need.

QuickBooks

- Originally designed by accountants, CPAs and economists *performance oversupply*.
- Small business owners wanted adequate, not superior, functionality that was simple and convenient.

KAREO

Cloud-based software for doctors in private practice to compete with large operations.

IPHONE

- June 2007 Steve Jobs & Apple launched iPhone a hit.
- ~1M sold in 1st year; after only 5-quarters surpassed Blackberry, the market leader.







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LINUX

- Open source operating system
- Based on Unix

ADVANTAGES:

- No Cost
- Maximize use of hardware and software

USE LINUX TO:

- Create new applications
- To edit existing applications





Linus Torvalds



Disruption and Ecosystems

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INTUIT - QUICKBOOKS

- Apps.com an ecosystem for small businesses
- Provide tools so developers can seamlessly integrate their products
- 23 million small businesses in America generate 54% of all U.S. sales

Open Source and Development Tools

KAREO

- Cloud-based software for doctors in private practice to compete with large operations
- Kareo Marketplace[™] provides customers access apps
 - ZocDoc marketing to new patients
 - Iron Mountain records management solution for HIPPA compliance

IPHONE

- June 2007 Steve Jobs & Apple launched iPhone a hit
- ~1M sold in 1st year; after only 5-quarters surpassed Blackberry, the market leader
- One year later App Store arrived 10M downloads in fist 3-days; >1B in first year

iPhone Turned a Consumer Product into an Ecosystem







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IBM WATSON

- Natural language processing and machine learning to reveal insights from large amounts of unstructured data
- IBM now providing development tools for Watson
- Fluid makes retail recommendations
- MD Buyline streamlines purchasing at hospitals
- Welltok provides health advice to consumers





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AGE OF STAND-ALONE BRANDS IS OVER

- Impact of a semantic web and crowdsourcing
- Apple, Intuit, Kareo thousands of developers enhancing products for free

CONNECTEDNESS AND AVAILABILITY

 Funding, facilities, powerful software, supercomputing capacity and skilled talent are no longer assets to be acquired and leveraged, but resources that can be accessed by just about anyone

THE SEMANTIC ECONOMY

Elements include:

- Big Data storage, processors and algorithms creating powerful analytics
- Web of Things ubiquitous sensors and networks monitor and connect everything
- Co-Creation designing products in partnership with customers

A Move from Closed Innovation to Open Innovation

Boundaries of scale, industry and geography have become impotent













An Innovation Portfolio

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Metrics

Financial (ROI)

Noneconomic & Internal

Financial (ROI)



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THERE IS BOTH A STRUCTURAL AND A CULTURAL COMPONENT

- Structure
 - Enables autonomy
 - Matches profit to operating budget
 - Think about Lockheed Skunkworks as a model
- Culture
 - Need time for reflection
 - Innovation is a Team Sport: argue about concepts don't make it personal
 - Bring recommended solutions
 - Shorten the distance to failure by rapid prototyping and testing

BEHAVIORS

 Five behaviors that characterize innovative leaders: associational thinking, questioning, observing, networking and experimenting.

THE CONSEQUENCES ...

 Look to Blackberry, Nokia, Blockbuster, Borders, Kodak, and others – companies that missed opportunities to leapfrog to the next big thing.



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